

TIANamp Micro DNA Kit

For isolation of genomic DNA from
small volumes of blood
dried blood spots
plasma and serum
mouthwash
hair follicles
tissues
microdissected tissues



TIANamp Micro DNA Kit

Cat. no. DP316

Kit Contents

Contents	DP316 50 preps
Buffer GA	15 ml
Buffer GB	15 ml
Buffer GD	13 ml
Buffer PW	15 ml
Buffer TB	15 ml
Proteinase K	1 ml
Carrier RNA	310 µg
RNase-free ddH ₂ O	1 ml
TIANamp Spin Columns CR2	50
Collection Tubes (2 ml)	50
Handbook	1

Storage

TIANamp Micro DNA Kit can be stored dry at room temperature (15-25°C) for up to 12 months without showing any reduction in performance and quality. For longer storage, the kit can be stored at 2-8°C. Stock solution of Carrier RNA should be stored at -20°C.

Introduction

TIANamp Micro DNA Kit is based on silica membrane technology and special buffer system. Genomic DNA binds to the silica-membrane in the presence of high salt, while the contaminants

pass through the column. After the membrane is thoroughly washed to remove any remaining contaminants, the pure DNA is eluted from the membrane with low salt buffer.

The kit is suitable for a wide range of sample materials such as small volumes of blood, dried blood spots, serum/plasma, tiny amount of tissues, mouthwash, hair follicles. Purified genomic DNA can directly serve as templates for PCR, restriction enzyme digestion, hybridization, etc.

Important Notes

1. Reagents to be supplied by user: Ethanol (96-100%), 1M DTT (for genomic extraction from hair follicles)
2. Technical Index of TIANamp Micro DNA Kit

Maximum Capacity of TIANamp Spin Column CR2	700 µl
Minimal Elution Volume of Buffer TB	20 µl
Maximum Volume of Anti-coagulant Whole Blood (Mammalian)	100 µl
Maximum Amount of Animal Tissues	10 mg

3. Before starting the procedure, check whether precipitate has formed in Buffer GA and Buffer GB. Dissolve the precipitate by heating to 56°C in water bath.
4. Equilibrate samples to room temperature (15–25°C).
5. Ensure that ethanol (96-100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW as indicated on the tag of bottle at the first use.
6. For high yield of DNA, the kit supplies Carrier RNA. Direct analysis of the genomic DNA by PCR is recommended, since use of Carrier RNA results in errors in OD260.

Preparation of Carrier RNA Stock Solution

At the first use of Carrier RNA, add 310 μl RNase-free ddH₂O to the tube containing 310 μg lyophilized Carrier RNA to obtain a solution at the concentration of 1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$. Dissolve the Carrier RNA thoroughly, divide it into conveniently sized aliquots, and store at -20°C . Do not freeze–thaw the aliquots of Carrier RNA more than 3 times.

Protocol:

<1> Genomic DNA from Small Volumes of Blood

Ensure that ethanol (96-100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Pipet 1–100 μl whole blood into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not supplied).
2. Add Buffer GA to a final volume of 100 μl , if the blood sample is less than 100 μl .
3. Add 10 μl Proteinase K.

Note: If RNA-free DNA is required, 5 μl RNaseA (100 mg/ml) (Cat.no.RT405-11) can be added. Vortex 15 s and incubate for 5 min at room temperature (15–25°C).

4. Add 100 μl Buffer GB (If the initial volume of blood is lower than 10 μl , add 1 μl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$) to Buffer GB), close the lid, and mix by pulse-vortexing for 15 s. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid. Incubate at 56°C for 10 min, and shake the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube gently.

Note: A white precipitate may form when Buffer GB is added. The precipitate will not interfere with the procedure and will dissolve during the heat incubation at 56°C . If the precipitate does not dissolve, it indicates that the cell is not completely lysed and may result in low yield of DNA and impurity in

DNA.

5. Add 50 μ l ethanol (96–100%) (If room temperature exceeds 25°C, cool the ethanol on ice before adding to the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube), close the lid, and mix thoroughly by pulse-vortexing for 15 s. Incubate for 3 min at room temperature (15–25°C). Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 2 min. Discard

the flow-through and place TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15-25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and apply 20–50 μ l Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2-5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μ l since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again. Incubate the column at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0-8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at –20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<2> Isolation of Genomic DNA from Dried Blood Spots

Ensure that ethanol (96-100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Cut 3 \times 3 mm sample from a dried blood spot and place it into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not supplied).
2. Add 180 μ l Buffer GA.

3. Add 20 μl Proteinase K and mix by inverting gently. Incubate at 56°C for 1 h and vortex the tube for 10 s every 10 min to improve lysis.
4. Add 200 μl Buffer GB and 1 μl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$). Close the lid, and mix by inverting. Incubate at 70 °C for 10 min. Vortex the tube for 10 s every 3 min to improve lysis. Centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

Note: A white precipitate may form when Buffer GB is added. The precipitate does not interfere with the procedure and will dissolve during the heat incubation at 70°C. If the precipitate will not dissolve, it indicates that the cell is not completely lysed and may result in low yield of DNA and impurity in DNA.

5. Add 200 μl ethanol (96–100%) (If room temperature exceeds 25°C, cool the ethanol on ice before adding to the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube), close the lid, and mix thoroughly by pulse-vortexing for 15 s. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature (15–25°C). Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μl Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the

Collection Tube.

8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μl Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μl Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min. Discard the flow-through and incubate TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15–25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Apply 20–50 μl Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2–5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μl since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again. Incubate the column at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting;

Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0-8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at -20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<3> Isolation of Circulation Nucleic Acid/ Free Nucleic Acid from Plasma/ Serum

Ensure that ethanol (96-100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Pipet 100–200 μl serum/plasma into a 2 ml microcentrifuge tube (not supplied). If volume is less than 100 μl , add Buffer GA to a final volume of 100 μl .
2. Add 20 μl Proteinase K, vortex thoroughly to mix.
3. Add 200 μl Buffer GB (If the initial volume of blood is lower than 10 μl , add 1 μl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$) to Buffer GB). Close the lid, and mix by inverting. Incubate at 56°C for 10 min. Shake the 2 ml microcentrifuge tube gently, and briefly centrifuge the 2 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

Note: A white precipitate may form when Buffer GB is added. The precipitate does not interfere with the procedure and will dissolve during the heat incubation at 56°C . If the precipitate will not dissolve, it indicates that the cell is not completely lysed and may result in low yield of DNA and impurity in DNA.

4. Add 200 μl ethanol (96–100%) (If room temperature exceeds 25°C , cool the ethanol on ice before adding to the 2 ml microcentrifuge tube), close the lid, and mix thoroughly by

inverting. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature (15–25°C). Briefly centrifuge the 2 ml microtube to remove drops from inside the lid.

5. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 4 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the collection tube
6. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 µl Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 µl Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 µl Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
9. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 2 min and discard the flow-through. Incubate TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15-25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the

eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

10. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Apply 20–50 μl Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2-5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 134,000 \times g$) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μl since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again, incubation at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0-8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at -20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<4> Isolation of genomic DNA from mouthwash

Ensure that ethanol (96-100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Add 10–20 ml mouthwash into 50 ml sterilized tube (not supplied). Centrifuge at $1,800 \times g$ for 5 min. Remove the supernatant.
2. Add 200 μl Buffer GA to resuspend the precipitate and transfer all suspension solution into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.
3. Add 20 μl Proteinase K and vortex for 10 s to mix. Incubate at

56°C for 60 min, mix by vortexing several times every 15 min.

4. Add 200 μl Buffer GB and 1 μl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$). Close the lid, and mix by inverting thoroughly. Incubate at 70°C for 10 min. Vortex for 10 s every 3 min and briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

Note: A white precipitate may form when Buffer GB is added. The precipitate does not interfere with the procedure and will dissolve during the heat incubation at 70°C. If the precipitate will not dissolve, it indicates that the cell is not completely lysed and may result in low yield of DNA and impurity in DNA.

5. Add 200 μl ethanol (96–100%), close the lid, and mix thoroughly by inverting. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

Note: A white precipitate may form when ethanol is added but this does not affect DNA yield.

6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the collection tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μl Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μl Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW

before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.

9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min. Discard the flow-through and place TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15–25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Apply 20–50 μ l Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2–5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μ l since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again, incubation at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence on eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0–8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at –20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<5> Isolation of Genomic DNA from hair follicles

Ensure that ethanol (96–100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

Please prepare 1M DTT solution before use.

1. Material treatment: hair with hair follicle
Pipet 250 μ l GA, 20 μ l Proteinase K and 20 μ l 1M DTT into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not supplied), add 1 cm length of hair follicles from the bottom of hair into the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube. Mix by vortexing for 10 s.
2. Incubate at 56°C at least 60min until the sample has been digested thoroughly and Vortex for 10 s every 20 min or incubate in water-bath shaker to digest. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

Note: lysis time varies depending on sample types from one hour to overnight. And overnight digestion does not influence the results.

Feather stem can not dissolve thoroughly, so for residual feather stem sample, directly centrifuge and pipet supernatant for downstream applications.

3. Add 300 μ l Buffer GB and 1 μ l Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 μ g/ μ l). Close the lid, and mix by inverting thoroughly.
4. Incubate at 56°C for 10 min and vortex for 10 s every 3 min.
5. Add 300 μ l ethanol (96–100%), close the lid, and mix thoroughly by pulse-vortexing for 15 s. Centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube briefly to remove drops from inside the lid.
6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the

TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) in two times without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the collection tube.

7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min and discard the flow-through. Incubate TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15-25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and apply 20–50 μ l Buffer

TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2-5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~134, 00 × g) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 µl since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again, Incubation at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0-8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at –20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<6> Isolation of Genomic DNA from tiny amount of tissues

Ensure that ethanol (96–100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Add tissue (<10 mg) into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not supplied). Immediately Add 180 µl Buffer GA and equilibrate to room temperature (15–25°C).
2. Add 20 µl Proteinase K and mix by vortexing for 10 s.
3. Incubate at 56°C at least 30-60 min until the sample has been digested thoroughly and vortex every 15 min or incubate in water-bath shaker to digest. Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
4. Add 200 µl Buffer GB and 1 µl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 µg/µl). Close the lid, and mix by inverting thoroughly and

incubate at 70°C for 10 min. Mix by pulse-vortexing for 10 s every 3 min and briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.

5. Add 200 μ l ethanol (96–100%) (If room temperature exceeds 25°C, cool the ethanol on ice before adding to the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube). Close the lid, and mix thoroughly by inverting the tubes. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature (15–25°C). Briefly centrifuge the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the collection tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μ l Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.

10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the collection tube, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min and discard the flow-through. Incubate TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15–25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and apply 20–50 μ l Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2–5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μ l since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flow-through containing DNA can be added to CR2 again, Incubation at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0–8.5) is suggested to elute plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at -20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Protocol:

<7> Isolation of Genomic DNA from Microdissected Tissues including Formalin Fixed Microdissected Tissues

Ensure that ethanol (96–100%) has been added to Buffer GD and Buffer PW according to the instructions at the first use.

1. Pipet 15 μl Buffer GA into a 0.2ml microcentrifuge tube, then add the microdissected tissues into 0.2 ml microcentrifuge tube.
2. Add 10 μl Proteinase K and mix by vortexing for 10 s.
3. Incubate at 56°C for 3 h (For formalin fixed microdissected tissues. Incubate at 56°C for 16 h) with occasional agitation until the sample has been digested or incubate in water-bath shaker to digest. Briefly centrifuge the 0.2 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
4. Add 25 μl Buffer GA, mix by vortexing and add 50 μl Buffer GB and 1 μl Carrier RNA Stock Solution (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$). Close the lid, and mix by pulse-vortexing for 10 s. briefly centrifuge the 0.2 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
5. Add 50 μl ethanol (96–100%) (If room temperature exceeds 25°C, cool the ethanol on ice before adding to the microcentrifuge tube). Close the lid, and mix thoroughly by inverting. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature (15–25°C). Briefly centrifuge the 0.2 ml microcentrifuge tube to remove drops from inside the lid.
6. Carefully transfer the entire lysate from step 5 to the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 (in a 2 ml Collection Tube) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.
7. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 500 μl Buffer GD (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer GD before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ($\sim 13,400 \times g$) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube.

8. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 and add 700 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure ethanol has been added to Buffer PW before use) without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube,
9. Carefully open the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 column and add 500 μ l Buffer PW without wetting the rim. Close the lid, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 30 s. Discard the flow-through.
10. Replace the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in the Collection Tube, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 2 min and discard the flow-through. Incubate TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in room temperature (15–25°C) for several minutes to dry the membrane completely.

Note: This step is necessary, since ethanol carryover into the eluate may interfere with some downstream applications.

11. Place the TIANamp Spin Column CR2 in a clean 1.5 ml microtube (not provided) and apply 20–50 μ l Buffer TB to the center of the membrane. Close the lid and incubate at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2–5 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (13,400 \times g) for 2 min.

Note: The elution volume should not be less than 20 μ l since smaller volume will affect recovery efficiency.

For high yield of DNA, the flowthrough containing DNA can be added to CR2 again. Incubate the column at room temperature (15–25°C) for 2 min. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (\sim 13,400 \times g) for 2 min.

The pH value of eluted buffer has some influence in eluting; Buffer TB or distilled water (pH 7.0–8.5) is suggested to elute

plasmid DNA. For long-term storage of DNA, eluting in Buffer TB and storing at -20°C is recommended, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.

Ordering Information

Real-Time PCR

Product	Size	Cat.no.
RealMasterMix (Probe)	50 μl \times 50 rxns	FP203-01
	50 μl \times 200 rxns	DP203-02

PCR

Product	Size	Cat.no.
2 \times <i>Taq</i> PCR MasterMix (with loading dye)	1 ml	KT201-01
	5 \times 1 ml	KT201-02
2 \times <i>Taq</i> Plus PCR MasterMix (with loading dye)	0.5 ml	KT205-01
	5 \times 1 ml	KT205-02
2 \times <i>Taq</i> Platinum PCR MasterMix (with loading dye)	0.5 ml	KT204-01
	5 \times 1 ml	KT204-02

Marker Reagent

Product	Size	Cat.no.
λ DNA/Hind III	50 lanes	MD202-01
	200 lanes	MD202-02
